MySQL NDB Operator 8.1 Release Notes

Abstract

This document contains release notes for the changes in each release of MySQL NDB Operator 8.1 for Kubernetes.


Updates to these notes occur as new product features are added, so that everybody can follow the development process. If a recent version is listed here that you cannot find on the download page (https://dev.mysql.com/downloads/), the version has not yet been released.

The documentation included in source and binary distributions may not be fully up to date with respect to release note entries because integration of the documentation occurs at release build time. For the most up-to-date release notes, please refer to the online documentation instead.

For legal information, see the Legal Notices.

For help with using MySQL, please visit the MySQL Forums, where you can discuss your issues with other MySQL users.

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Preface and Legal Notices

This document contains release notes for the changes in each release of MySQL NDB Operator for Kubernetes.

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Changes in NDB Operator 8.1.0-1.1.0 (2023-07-26, Innovation Release)

This is MySQL NDB Operator 8.1.0-1.1.0, an Innovation release of NDB Operator, a Kubernetes Operator for MySQL NDB Cluster.

For more information on MySQL NDB Operator see the online documentation at https://dev.mysql.com/doc/ndb-operator/en/.


**Bugs Fixed**

- The NDB Operator initialization script contains multiple SQL statements and is executed as an *init* container in the *mysqld* pod. An issue in MySQL Server 8.1.0 meant that, when a space was present before the leading # character in a comment preceding a delimiter command included in the script (see *mysql* Client Commands), the command was skipped. This led to discrepancies when executing later statements, preventing the *mysqld* pod from starting up successfully. (Bug #35619717)

- NDB Operator utilizes Kubernetes validatingwebhookconfiguration and mutatingwebhookconfiguration objects to validate CRD requests before forwarding them to the Kubernetes API server. These webhook configurations generate an HTTP message and send it to a separate pod running an HTTP server alongside the *ndb-operator* pod. The responsibility of the HTTP server is to validate the user-specified specifications and provide an appropriate response to the webhook configurations. The Kubernetes webhook configurations object determines whether to accept or to reject the user’s CRD request based on the response.

  To establish secure communication, the HTTP server requires a valid certificate, which makes it essential for both the HTTP server and webhook configurations to have valid certificates before initiating communication. During startup, the HTTP server generates a certificate and key, and then updates all the webhook configurations by adding this certificate to them. Subsequently, when creating the HTTP request, the webhook configurations use these certificates, and these same certificates are employed on the server side for validation.

  When installing NDB Operator using the Operator Package Manager (OPM), the ownership of the webhook configurations resided with the CSV (*ClusterServiceVersion*). As a result, any modifications made to the webhook configurations were not reflected since the CSV has control over the Kubernetes objects created by it. Consequently, the authentication step failed for the HTTP requests sent by the webhook configurations.

  Since OPM already possesses a Certificate Authority (CA) and creates certificates for all components, we resolve this issue by making sure that the server detects the installation mode, and if the mode is OPM, that it makes use of the certificates given by the CA rather than creating its own. (Bug #35408957)