

Abstract

This document describes ports used by MySQL products and features in MySQL 5.7 and MySQL 8.0.

For legal information, see the Legal Notices.

For help with using MySQL, please visit the MySQL Forums, where you can discuss your issues with other MySQL users.

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Preface and Legal Notices

This document describes ports used by MySQL products and related features in MySQL 5.7 and MySQL 8.0.

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Chapter 1 Introduction

The number of ports used by MySQL depends on features that are enabled, the components used, how applications connect, and other aspects of your environment.

From a security perspective, ports should only be opened as required to permit system components to communicate. Always practice the principle of least privilege when managing ports, which requires that users, processes, programs, and other system components only have access to information and resources that are required for their legitimate purpose.

How port access is managed depends on different aspects of your environment such as operating system capabilities, firewalls, security tools, use of virtual private networking (VPN), and so on. Some MySQL installation packages assist with port access configuration for core MySQL ports. For example, the MySQL Installer Server package for Windows adds access rules to the Windows firewall, and MySQL for Linux packages add access rules to SELinux or AppArmor. However, MySQL does not assist with less common, optional, or non-MySQL product ports. In these cases, ports must be opened manually with commands such as this one for SELinux:

```
$> semanage port -a -t mysqld_port_t -p tcp port_open_to_mysqld>
```

For more information about setting the SELinux port context for MySQL, see SELinux TCP Port Context.

Some MySQL features use TCP ports that fall within the allowed local port range on Linux systems (32768 - 61000). For example, the default MySQL X Protocol port is 33060, and the default MySQL Administrative Connection Port is 33062. To avoid port conflicts with other applications, consider configuring the <code>ip_local_port_range</code> parameter to limit the range of ports available for automatic port assignment, or configure the <code>ip_local_reserved_ports</code> parameter to reserve ports used by MySQL. To check your current <code>ip_local_port_range</code> and <code>ip_local_reserved_ports</code> configurations:

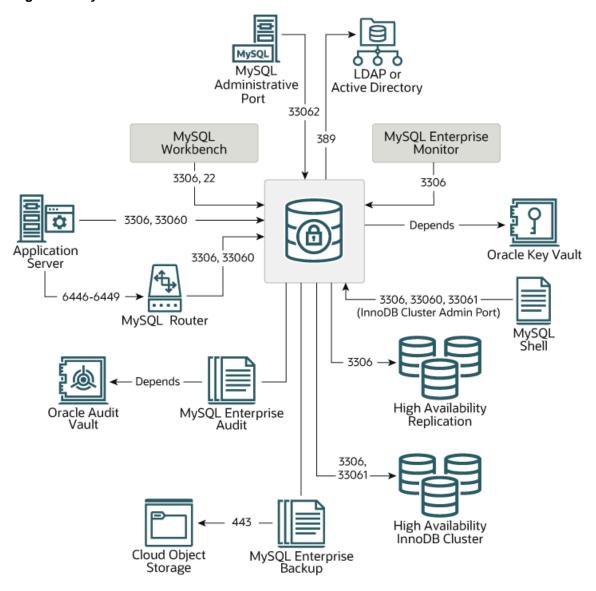
```
$ cat /proc/sys/net/ipv4/ip_local_port_range
$ cat /proc/sys/net/ipv4/ip_local_reserved_ports
```

For ip_local_port_range and ip_local_reserved_ports configuration instructions, refer to your distribution documentation.

Chapter 2 MySQL Port Diagram

The following diagram shows default ports for MySQL products and features. Arrows indicate the direction of network traffic. Not all ports described in this document are shown. For a complete listing, see Chapter 3, MySQL Port Reference Tables.

Figure 2.1 MySQL Default Ports



Chapter 3 MySQL Port Reference Tables

The following tables describe ports used by MySQL products and features. Port information is applicable to MySQL 5.7 and MySQL 8.0.

- Client Server Connection Ports
- MySQL Administrative Connection Port
- MySQL Shell Ports
- MySQL Workbench Ports
- MySQL Client MySQL Router Connection Ports
- High Availability Ports
- External Authentication Ports
- Key Management Ports
- MySQL Enterprise Backup Ports
- Memcached Protocol Port

Client - Server Connection Ports

Port 3306 is the default port for the classic MySQL protocol (port), which is used by the mysql client, MySQL Connectors, and utilities such as mysqldump and mysqlpump. The port for X Protocol (mysqlx_port), supported by clients such as MySQL Shell, MySQL Connectors and MySQL Router, is calculated by multiplying the port used for classic MySQL protocol by 10. For example if the classic MySQL protocol port is the default value of 3306 then the X Protocol port is 33060.

Table 3.1 Client - Server Connection Ports

| Default Port/ Protocol | Description | SSL or other Encryption | Required | Direction |
|---------------------------|--|----------------------------|---|---|
| 3306/TCP | MySQL clients to the MySQL server (classic MySQL protocol) | Yes | Yes, unless you are only using X Protocol | From the MySQL client to the MySQL server |
| 33060/TCP | MySQL clients to the MySQL server (X Protocol) | Yes | Yes, unless you are only using port 3306 | |

To verify the value of these ports on MySQL server, issue:

```
mysql> SHOW VARIABLES LIKE 'port';
mysql> SHOW VARIABLES LIKE 'mysqlx_port';
```

MySQL Administrative Connection Port

As of MySQL 8.0.14, the server permits a TCP/IP port to be configured specifically for administrative connections. This provides an alternative to the single administrative connection that is permitted on the network interfaces used for ordinary connections. For more information, see Administrative Connection Management.

Table 3.2 MySQL Administrative Connection Port

| Default Port/ Protocol | Description | SSL or other Encryption | Required | Direction |
|---------------------------|--|----------------------------|----------|---|
| | A port configured specifically for MySQL administrative connections (classic MySQL protocol) | Yes | No | From the MySQL client to the MySQL server |

To verify the value of this port on MySQL server, issue:

mysql> SHOW VARIABLES LIKE 'admin_port';

MySQL Shell Ports

MySQL Shell supports both X Protocol and classic MySQL protocol. For more information, see MySQL Shell 8.0.

Table 3.3 MySQL Shell Ports

| Default Port/ Protocol | Description | SSL or other Encryption | Required | Direction |
|---------------------------|---|----------------------------|---|--|
| 3306/TCP | MySQL client to the MySQL server (classic MySQL protocol) | Yes | Yes, unless you are only using X Protocol | From MySQL Shell to the MySQL server |
| 33060/TCP | MySQL client to the MySQL server (X Protocol) | Yes | Yes, unless you are only using port 3306 | |
| 33061/TCP | The port used by MySQL Shell to check a server during InnoDB Cluster configuration | Yes | Yes, if running InnoDB Cluster | From MySQL Shell to instances in an InnoDB Cluster |

MySQL Workbench Ports

Table 3.4 MySQL Workbench Ports

| Default Port/ Protocol | Description | SSL or other Encryption | Required | Direction |
|---------------------------|---|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| 3306/TCP | MySQL client to the MySQL server (classic MySQL protocol) | Yes | Optional (use 3306, 33060, or 22) | From MySQL Workbench to the MySQL server |
| 22/TCP | Connection via SSH tunnel | Yes | Optional (use 3306, 33060, or 22) | From MySQL Workbench to the MySQL server |

MySQL Client - MySQL Router Connection Ports

Table 3.5 Client - Router Connection Ports

| Default Port/ Protocol | Description | SSL or other Encryption | Required | Direction |
|---------------------------|--|--|---|--|
| 6446/TCP | Read-write SQL from the MySQL client to MySQL Router (classic MySQL protocol) | Yes. Inherited from the MySQL client and server. If the client ssl-mode is VERIFY_IDENTITY, the router must reside at the same IP address as the server. | Required if MySQL Router provides read-write access | MySQL client read- write to MySQL Router |
| 6447/TCP | Read-only SQL from the MySQL client to MySQL Router (classic MySQL protocol) | Same as above | Required if MySQL Router provides read-only access | MySQL client read- only to MySQL Router |
| 6448/TCP | Read-write API calls from the MySQL client to MySQL Router (X Protocol) | Same as above | Required if MySQL Router provides read-write access | MySQL client to MySQL Router |
| 6449/TCP | Read-only calls from the MySQL client to MySQL Router (X Protocol) | Same as above | Required if MySQL Router provides read-only access | MySQL client to MySQL Router |
| 3306/TCP | MySQL Router to the MySQL server (classic MySQL protocol) | Same as above | Required | MySQL Router to the MySQL server |
| 33060/TCP | MySQL Router to the MySQL server (X Protocol) | Same as above | Required | MySQL Router to the MySQL server |

High Availability Ports

Table 3.6 High Availability Ports

| Default Port/ Protocol | Description | SSL or other Encryption | Required | Direction |
|---------------------------|--|----------------------------|----------|--|
| 33061/TCP | MySQL Group Replication internal communications port | Yes | Yes | Group Replication communication between group members (InnoDB Cluster instances) |
| 3306/TCP | MySQL Replication | Yes | Yes | Replica connection to the source |

External Authentication Ports

Table 3.7 External Authentication Ports

| Default Port/ Protocol | Description | SSL or other Encryption | Required | Direction |
|---------------------------|--|----------------------------|--|---|
| 389/TCP | MySQL Enterprise Authentication (LDAP) | Yes | Only if using external authentication to LDAP. Also supports use of SASL | MySQL Enterprise Authentication in MySQL server to LDAP |
| 389/TCP | MySQL Enterprise Authentication (Active Directory) | Yes | Only if using external authentication to LDAP | MySQL Enterprise Authentication in MySQL server to Active Directory |

Key Management Ports

Key management ports are used for the MySQL Keyring features and Transparent Data Encryption (TDE).

Table 3.8 Key Management Ports

| Default Port/ Protocol | Description | SSL or other Encryption | Required | Direction |
|------------------------------|--|----------------------------|---|-----------|
| to your key manager/vault | KMIP. Used with Oracle Key Vault, Gemalto KeySecure, Thales Vormetric key management server, and Fornetix Key Orchestration. | Yes | Only required if TDE uses a KMIP server | N/A |
| 443/TCP | Key Services - AWS Key Management Service (AWS KMS) | Yes | Only required if TDE uses AWS KMS | N/A |

MySQL Enterprise Backup Ports

Table 3.9 MySQL Enterprise Backup Ports

| Default Port/ Protocol | Description | SSL or other Encryption | Required | Direction |
|---------------------------|--|----------------------------|--|--|
| 3306/TCP | Communication with the local instance | Yes | Optional. Can connect with TCP, socket, pipe, or memory. | To the local instance |
| 3306/TCP | For InnoDB Cluster/ Group Replication | Yes | Required for InnoDB Cluster Backup | To members of the cluster/group |
| 443/TCP | Oracle Object Store | Yes | Optional | From MySQL Enterprise Backup to Object Store |

| Default Port/ Protocol | Description | SSL or other Encryption | Required | Direction |
|--|--|----------------------------|----------|---|
| 443/TCP | Amazon S3 | Yes | Optional | From MySQL Enterprise Backup to Amazon S3 |
| Varies. Refer to your media management system documentation. | Backup to Media Management System (MMS) through System Backup to Tape (SBT) | Vendor dependent | Optional | From the memory management library to the media management server. Refer to your media management system documentation. |

Memcached Protocol Port

Table 3.10 Memcached Protocol Port

| Default Port/ Protocol | Description | SSL or other Encryption | Required | Direction |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|----------|--|
| 11211/TCP | InnoDB memcached Plugin | No | Optional | From memcached client to InnoDB memcached plugin |